

EPI FACT SHEET

ECONOMIC POLICY INSTITUTE ● SEPTEMBER 7, 2009 ● FACT SHEET

Labor Day by the Numbers

Note that all numbers are current as of September 4, 2009.

TOTAL JOBS LOST DURING THE RECESSION: 6.9 MILLION

- New jobs needed per month to keep up with population growth: 127,000
- Jobs lost in August 2009: **216,000**
- Jobs needed to regain pre-recession unemployment levels: 9.4 million
- Manufacturing jobs lost since the start of the recession: **2.0 million** (14.6% of sector's jobs)
- Construction jobs lost in the recession: 1.4 million (19%, nearly one in five construction jobs)
- Mass layoffs (50 or more people by a single employer) in July 2009: 2,157; jobs lost: 206,791

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: 9.7%

- Number unemployed: **14.9 million** (up from 7.5 million in December 2007)
- Underemployment rate: 16.8%; Share of workers un- or underemployed: roughly 1 in 6
- Under- and unemployed, marginally attached and involuntary part-time workers: 26.4 million
- Unemployment rate, ages 16 to 24: 18.2%
- Male unemployment: 10.9%; female unemployment: 8.2%
- White unemployment: 8.9%; black unemployment: 15.1%; Hispanic unemployment: 13%
- Unemployment rate, young college graduates: **5.9**% (2nd worst on record); Worst recorded unemployment rate for young college graduates: **6.2**% (1983)

- Traditional share of young college grads' unemployment to overall rate: 50%; Current ratio: 70%
- Portion of unemployed who have been jobless more than six months: (one third)
- Average weekly unemployment benefit in July (including additional \$25 per week from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act): \$332

STATES WITH DOUBLE-DIGIT UNEMPLOYMENT (AS OF JULY 2009): 16; WHEN THIS LAST HAPPENED: 1983

- Highest unemployment rate: Michigan, 15.0%; lowest: North Dakota, 4.2%
- When California's Hispanic unemployment surpassed black unemployment: 2nd quarter, 2009
- Projected African American unemployment for Michigan, 2nd quarter of 2010: 24.9%

INCREASE IN AVERAGE U.S. WORKER'S PRODUCTIVITY, 2000-07: 19.2%

- Decrease in all prime-aged worker's real median weekly wages, 2000-2007: \$1; Decrease for African Americans: \$3
- Annual growth rate of private-sector workers' wages, last three months: 2.6%
- Annual growth of wages in managerial, professional, and related occupations, 2009, 2nd quarter: 0%
- Annual growth rate of real (inflation-adjusted), average, hourly wages since June 2000: **0.70**%
- Ratio of average CEO's pay to typical worker's pay in 1979: 27 to 1; Ratio in 2007: 275 to 1

EXPECTED NEW SPENDING (12-MONTHS) FROM THE NEW \$7.25 MINIMUM WAGE: \$5.5 BILLION

- Share of minimum wage workers with high school diploma in 1979: 57.5%: Share in 2008: 72%
- Workers getting a raise from latest minimum wage increase: 4.5 million
- Share of affected workers with annual family income below \$35,000: **57.1**%; Share working at least 20 hours a week: **81.6**%
- Extent to which the minimum wage's real value is lower than in 1968: 17%

AMERICANS UNINSURED IN 2007: 45 MILLION

- Drop in children covered through parents' employers, 2000 to 2007: 3.4 million
- Share of people under 65, with incomes in the top 20%, covered by employers in 2007: **86.4**%; Share with incomes in the *bottom* 20%, covered by employers: **21.9**%
- Share of Hispanic workers who are uninsured: 39.8%
- Percentage of under-65 Americans with employer-sponsored health insurance in 2000: **68.3**%; In 2007: **62.9**%

- Average monthly cost of COBRA with American Recovery and Reinvestment Act subsidy: \$370; Without American Recovery and Reinvestment Act subsidy: \$1,057
- Rise in out-of-pocket spending for the 1% of adults with the greatest medical expenses, 2004-07: 42%
- Increase in health care premiums since 1999: 119%
- Amount by which U.S. private health insurance administrative costs exceeded all Canadian national health spending
 in 2007: \$25 billion
- Share of total U.S. health care costs paid by private insurers in 2007: 35%
- Share of total health care costs paid by U.S. government in 2007: 46%

SHARE OF PEOPLE NEAR RETIREMENT AGE WITH A 401(K) BALANCE UNDER \$40,000 IN 2007: 50%

- Percentage of amount needed to maintain living standards that is held by average 401(k) participant approaching retirement: 20-40%
- Share of 401(k) assets estimated to be lost since 2007: 29%

WORKPLACES WITH NO CONTRACT MORE THAN THREE YEARS AFTER ELECTION IS WON: 25%

- Share of employers that interrogate workers in mandatory one-on-one meetings, 1999-2003: **63**%; Share of employers that threaten workers in such meetings, 1999-2003: **54**%
- Increase in likelihood that firm will fail if unionized: **0**%
- U.S. manufacturing workers ranking on "value-added per employee," compared to 16 nations with *higher* compensation: 2

ANNUALIZED RATE OF ECONOMIC CONTRACTION, 2nd QUARTER, 2009: 1%

- Likely size of this contraction without the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act: 3-4%
- Jobs likely lost without American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, 2nd quarter, 2009: at least 1.8 million
- Actual jobs lost, 2nd quarter, 2009: 1.3 million

Compiled by Anna Turner.